20 Essential English Idioms for Sounding Like a Native

So you're in an American bar.

It's loud, but you can make out what people are saying.

You hear a fellow drinker talking about hitting books...

...another is talking about twisting someone's arm...

...and it sounds like someone's been stabbed in the back.

What the heck is going on?

You scratch your head and wonder why you're still lost even though you can translate the words.

Well, you've just had your first introduction to English idioms.

What Are English idioms?

English idioms are a group of words which have a meaning which isn't obvious from looking at the individual words.

They have developed over time and so they might seem random to you. English idioms often rely on analogies and metaphors.

Because they're used so often in everyday English, if you don't know them, it's almost impossible to understand the context.

Why Learn English Idioms?

Does this sound familiar?

You took traditional classes.

You learned the grammar, the rules, and hundreds of exceptions.

You have a vocabulary that could rival an American student's.

You even have a couple of certificates hanging proudly on your wall stating you are indeed proficient in English....

...so why is it you just can't get it sometimes?

Well, what you learn from textbooks and what you learn from the real world are two totally different things when it comes to language learning.

What you really need is a stronger mastery of English idioms and expressions.

Learning common everyday English idioms will help you fit in with most situations whether it's at a basketball game, over a beer, studying or going out on a hot date.

The key to understanding English idioms is never to look at them or read them in a literal sense – once you unlock the secrets of idiomatic English language then you'll have cracked the code!

To help you master English idioms, we've gathered together 20 of the most common American English idioms and expressions. They're useful for ESL students, or anyone learning English. Enjoy!

20 Essential English Idioms for ESL Students

1. (To) Hit the books: Literally *Hit the Books* means to physically hit, punch or slap your reading books, however, this is a common English idiom among students, especially American college students who have a lot of study to do and this is a way of telling their friends that they're going to study – it could be for their final exams, a mid-term test or even an English exam like you.

"Sorry but I can't watch the game with you tonight, I have to hit the books. I have a huge exam next week!"

2. (To) Hit the sack: Just like the aforementioned, the literal meaning of this would be physically hitting or beating a sack (a large bag usually used for carrying things in bulk such as flour, rice or even soil). But actually *to hit the sack* means to go to bed and you'd use this to express your extreme tiredness to your friends or family and that you're going to sleep. Instead of saying *hit the sack* you can also say *hit the hay*.

"It's time for me to hit the sack I'm so tired."

3. (To) Twist someone's arm: *To twist someone's arm* literally means to take a person's arm and turn it around, which could be really painful if you take it exactly word for word. If your *arm has been twisted* it means that someone has done a great job of convincing you of doing something and if you manage to *twist someone else's arm* it means that you're great at convincing them and they've finally agreed to do something after a little bit of though.

"Jake you should really come to the party, it's going to be so much fun and there's going to be many pretty girls there.

"Pretty girls? Okay, you've twisted my arm, I'll come!"

4. (To be) Up in the air: When we literally think about something *up in the air* we have the idea that something's floating or flying in the sky, perhaps an airplane or a balloon. But really if someone tells you that things *are up in the air* it means that these things are uncertain or unsure and definite plans have not been made as yet.

"Jen have you set a date for the wedding yet?"

"Not exactly, things are still **up in the air** and we're not sure if our families can make it on the day we wanted. Hopefully we'll know soon and we'll let you know as soon as possible."

5. (To) Stab someone in the back: If we take this idiom literally we could find ourselves in a whole lot of trouble with the police as it would mean taking a knife or another sharp object and putting into a person's back. However, as an idiom *to stab someone in the back* means to hurt someone who was close to us and trusted us by betraying them secretly and breaking their trust. We call the person who does this a *back stabber*.

"Did you hear that Sarah stabbed Kate in the back last week?"

"No! I thought they were best friends, what did she do?"

"She told their boss that Kate wasn't interested in a promotion at work and instead Sarah got one."

"Wow, that's the ultimate betrayal! No wonder they're no friends anymore."

6. (To) Lose your touch: Literally this means to no longer have the ability to touch or feel with your fingers or hands but in English we never use it in that sense. *To lose your touch* means that you lose your ability or talent you once had when dealing with things, people or situations. We use this when things go wrong when previously our skills or talents have worked well.

"I don't understand why none of the girls here want to speak to me."

"It looks like you've lost your touch with the ladies."

"Oh no, they used to love me, what happened?"

7. (To) Sit tight: *To sit tight* is a strange English idiom and it literally means that you sit down squeezing your body in a tight way, which if you did it would be very uncomfortable, not to mention you'll look really strange. If a person tells you *to sit tight* they want you to wait patiently and take no action until you hear otherwise.

"Mrs. Carter, do you have any idea when the exam results are going to come out?"

"Who knows Johnny, sometimes they come out quickly and other times it takes some time, you're just going to **have** to sit tight and wait."

8. (To) Pitch in: This English idiom actually makes no sense if you try to take it literally. However, figuratively speaking it means to contribute (give) to something or someone or to join in. So if your dad tells the family that he wants everyone to *pitch in* this weekend and help clear the backyard, it means he wants everyone to join in on the efforts to clear the yard and get things done quicker.

"What are you going to buy Sally for her birthday?"

"I don't know I don't have much money."

"Maybe we can all pitch in and buy her something great."

The above conversation suggests that every one of Sally's friends should contribute a little bit of money so they can afford to buy her a bigger and better present together.1

9. (To) Go cold turkey: Sound weird? Well, you're right, it does, how can anyone literally go cold turkey? A person can't transform into the bird we all love to eat for celebrations such as Christmas and Thanksgiving. The origins of this English idiom are strange and *to go cold turkey* means to suddenly quit or stop addictive or dangerous behavior such as smoking or drinking alcohol. This English idiom is said to have originated in the late 20th century and suggests that a person who suddenly quits something addictive such as drugs or alcohol suffers from side effects on the body such as pale (very white) skin and Goosebumps (little small bumps on the skin when we're cold or sick) which in turns looks like a cold uncooked turkey...

"Shall I get your mom a glass of wine?"

"No, she's stopped drinking?"

"Really, why?"

"I don't know. A few months ago, she just announced one day she's quitting drinking."

"She just went cold turkey?"

"Yes, just like that!"

10. (To) Face the music: In literal terms *facing the music* means to turn your body to the direction of the music and stand in front of it but if your friend or your parents tell you *to face the music* there's a much harsher meaning as it means to 'face reality' or to deal with the reality of the situation and accept all the consequences good or bad (but mostly bad). Perhaps you've been avoiding something because you feel unsure or scared of the outcome. Maybe you lied to your teacher and she discovered the truth and now you have *to face the music* and accept the punishment.

"I can't understand why I failed math."

"You know you didn't study hard and you're going to have to **face the music** and sit the exam again next semester if you really want to graduate when you do."

11. (To be) On the ball: If you look at this English idiom literally it means to be either standing or sitting on a ball, but who would do that? But if *you're on the ball* it means that you're very quick to understand certain things, very prepared for something or react quickly to a situation. For example if you're planning your wedding that is still one year away from now and you've almost finished with all the planning already, you're definitely *on the ball* because not many people are that prepared!

"Wow, you've already finished your assignments? There not due till next week, you're really **on the ball**. I wish I could be more organized."

12. (To) Ring a bell: If we look at the real meaning of *ring a bell* it's just that, you could be ringing the school bell to tell students it's time to go to class or ringing someone's doorbell. But if we think about it in a metaphorical sense it means that somebody has mentioned something to us which sounds familiar, perhaps we've heard it before – in other words when someone says something that you believe you've heard in the past alarm bells start ringing and you try to remember how or why that name or place sounds familiar.

"You've met my friend Amy Adams, right?"

"Hmmm, I'm not sure, but that name rings a bell. Was she the one who went to Paris last year?"

13. Rule of thumb: Can thumbs rule or can you literally rule a thumb? If you think about it logically it means absolutely nothing and makes no sense, however if you hear someone say *as a rule of thumb* they mean that it's a general unwritten rule for whatever they're talking about, perhaps cooking instructions or something else. These *rules of thumb* are not based on science or research and are instead just a general principle. For example there's no written scientific rule that you must add oil to boiling water when cooking pasta although it's a *rule of thumb* and is practiced by most so the pasta won't stick to the bottom of the pan.

"As a *rule of thumb* you should always pay for your date's dinner."

"Why? There's no rule stating that!"

"Yes, but it's what all gentlemen do."

14. (To be) Under the weather: Can you be under the weather literally? Probably yes, if you think about standing under the clouds, rain and sun, but it makes no sense and you'd say *I'm standing in the rain* and nothing else if you want to use English correctly. Metaphorically speaking, if you're feeling *under the weather*, you're not your usual self and could be feeling a little sick. The sick feeling is nothing serious; perhaps it's just extreme tiredness from studying too much or having a bad headache because you're starting to get the flu.

"What's wrong with Katy, mom?"

"She's feeling a little under the weather so be quiet and let her rest."

15. (To) Blow off steam: In reality a person cannot blow off steam (the hot rising air from boiling water) only electrical equipment can, such as the electric jug (appliance for boiling water for coffee). So what does it mean when a person *blows off steam?* If you're feeling angry, stressed or are experiencing some strong feelings and you want to get rid of them so you feel better again you will *blow off steam* by doing something such as exercise to get rid of the stress.

"Why is Nick so angry and where's he gone?"

"He had a fight with his brother and he's gone for a run to blow off his steam."

16. (To) Look a million dollars (bucks): Wouldn't it be great if we really could *look a million dollars*, we'd be rich, but that's not the case. If someone tells you, you *look a million dollars*, you should take it as a huge compliment because it means you look absolutely fabulous and really attractive. While sometimes we use this English idiom for guys, it's more commonly used to compliment females and while some of your female friends may look beautiful everyday, you reserve this English idiom for when they've really made an effort and it's a special occasion like a prom or a wedding.

"Wow, Mary, you look a million dollars (bucks) this evening. I love your dress!"

17. (To) Cut to the chase: When somebody tells you to *cut to the chase* it means that you've been talking too long and haven't got to the point. When a person uses this idiom, they are telling you to hurry up and get the important par without all the details in between. Be careful how you use this idiom because if used while talking to your seniors such as a college professor or your boss it's rude and disrespectful.

If you're speaking to a group of people, for example your employees and say *I'm going to cut to the chase*, it means that there are a few things that need to be said but there's very little time so you need to skip to the important parts so everyone understands.

"Hi guys, as we don't have much time here, I'm going to **cut to the chase** and talk about the major problems we've been experiencing in the office lately."

18. (To) Find your feet: Is it possible to lose your feet? No way, they're attached to your body! So what does it mean when somebody says they're trying to *find their feet*? If you find yourself in a new situation, for example living in a new country and having to get used to a new college and you're still trying to get used to the new experience or situation you could say *I'm still finding my feet*.

"Lee, how's your son doing in America?"

"He's doing okay. He's learned where the college is but is still **finding his feet** with everything else. I guess it'll take time for him to get used to it all."

19. (To) Get over something: If you think about it, it's possible to literally get over something, for example get over a fence but this is not how the phrase is generally used in the English language. Imagine having a really difficult time such as breaking up with your girlfriend or boyfriend, it's hard. But eventually time passes and you no longer think about your ex, it means that you've *gotten over him/her*, you no longer worry about it and it no longer affects you in a negative way. It's also possible to *get over an illness* too which would mean that you've fully recovered.

"How's Paula? Has she gotten over the death of her dog yet?"

"I think so. She's already talking about getting a new one."

20. (To) Keep your chin up: Did you just have a massive fight with your friend? Did you fail your English finals? Did your team lose the final match? Did you lose your job? If you answered "yes" to any of the questions then you're probably feeling sad and a little depressed, right? In this situation a supportive friend might tell you to *keep your chin up.* When they tell you this, they're showing their support for you and it's a way of saying 'stay strong' and don't let these things affect you too badly.

"Hey, Keiren, have you had any luck finding work yet?"

"No, nothing, it's really depressing, there's nothing out there!"

"Don't worry, you'll find something soon, keep your chin up buddy and don't stress."

If you're really serious about learning English well and *finding your feet* with the language abroad, make sure you spend some time focusing on English idioms to make your transition and easier one. Good Luck and *keep your chin up!*

Other Resources on Learning English Idioms for ESL Students

English Idioms & Proverbs at the English Language Cyber Center: A very comprehensive resource with pictures and examples.

English Idioms, Sayings, and Slang: Another comprehensive resource with examples.

FluentU's English language video library: With FluentU, you'll have the chance to learn new idioms and hear them used by native English speakers. It is great to learn new words and phrases, but it is absolutely *essential* for you to hear these words and phrases used naturally in conversation. The more you hear them, the better you will remember them. FluentU has gathered tons of English language videos from real-world sources such as music videos, movies, cartoons, news broadcasts, live interviews and more. That means you'll be able to hear English idioms used in many different situations.

And One More Thing...

If you like learning English idioms, then you'll love FluentU. FluentU uses popular talk shows, catchy music videos, and funny commercials to teach you English:

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If you liked this post, something tells me that you'll love FluentU, the best way to learn English with real-world videos.

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